## SET -18

TOPIC- ELECTRIC CURRENT AND ITS EFFECTS ( CH.-14) , LIGHT (CH.15)

| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Q} . \\ & \mathrm{N} . \end{aligned}$ | Folder name \& Question Code | Topic | Question with Answer Options | Image (If | Correct Answer (OptionA,B,C,D) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | 4_25 <br> Science <br> 11969 | Electric current and its Effect | A small pocket radio can be operated either using 4 small cells (batteries) or using mains electric power. <br> How is this possible? |  | D |
|  |  | Answer Options |  |  |  |
|  |  | Option A | Option B | Option C | Option D |
|  |  | The voltage from both sources is the same. | The radio works within a large range of voltages. | The electric power charges the cells that operate the radio. | The mains electric power voltage is reduced to operate the radio. |


| 2. | 4_23 <br> Science $9053$ | Electric current and its Effect <br> Will <br> torc | Will a battery that is used in a torch light up a regular 60W bulb used in homes? |  | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Answer Options |  |  |  |
|  |  | Option A | Option B | Option C | Option D |
|  |  | Yes, it will and the bulb will glow quite brightly. | Yes, it will but the bulb will glow dimly. | No, it will not because a battery does not produce electricity. | No, it will not because the current will not be sufficient. |


| 3. | 4_23 <br> Science $9065$ | Electric current and its Effect | The setup shown here is to be used by group of students to classify materials as conducting and nonconducting. The materials they want to classify are. What is the very FIRST thing that they should do before starting to test any materials? |  | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Answer Options |  |  |  |


|  | Option A | Option B | Option C | Option D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Place the items one by one <br> between the open leads given <br> and if the bulb glows then list <br> them as conductors. | Check with a person <br> working in the <br> laboratory whether <br> the given materials <br> are conductors. | Place a known <br> insulator between the <br> leads given and check <br> if the bulb glows. | Without placing anything <br> between the open leads, <br> connect the circuit and <br> check if the bulb lights up. |


| 4. | $\begin{gathered} \text { 3_16 } \\ \text { Science } \\ 2424 \end{gathered}$ | Ligh | An op arran ray of the $m$ will th leaves | mirrors <br> ith a <br> one of <br> y times <br> ore it |  | $\bar{K}_{\bar{E}}^{E}$ | $\leftarrow \mathrm{BOX}$ | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Answer Options |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Option A |  | Option B | Option C | Option D |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2 | 3 | 5 | The ray will never leave the box |  |  |



| 6. | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4 \_23 \\ \text { Science } \\ 9069 \end{gathered}$ | Light | Which of the following will be the shadows that Trupti will see on the translucent screen, if a sphere is held between two-point sources of light and the screen? |  | Trupti's eye | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Answer Options |  |  |  |  |


|  | Option A | Option B | Option C | Option D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| 7. | 1_3 <br> SCIENCE <br> 7341 | LIGHT | Neha focused a magnifying glass on to a tissue paper and held it. After a while, the tissue paper caught fire. Identify the statement that provides the correct explanation for this observation. |  |  | B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Answer Options |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Option A | Option B | Option | C | Option D |
|  |  | Neha lit the tissue paper. | The magnifying glass focuses the heat from the Sun's radiation. | The mag good co transmit paper. | nifying glass is a nductor of heat and s the heat to the | Air is a good conductor of heat and transmits the heat to the paper. |



| 9. | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \text { 1_3 } \\ & \text { SCIENCE } \\ & 6682 \end{aligned}$ | LIGHT | Which one of the diagrams below correctly shows the path of the reflected ray? |  |  |  | C |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Answer Options |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Opt |  | Option B | Option C | Option D |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| 10. | 2_10 | LIGHT | Veena observes the time in the <br> clock shown in picture, through a <br> MIRROR and thinks it is 9:40. What <br> would be the actual time? |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4144 |  |  |  |



| 11. | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 2 \_10 \\ \text { SCIENCE } \\ 4178 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | LIGHT | Shown in picture is the flag of a country. Blue, Green and Red are primary colours and Yellow = Red + Green. If the above flag is seen through a red filter, it will look like |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { GREEN } \\ \text { YELLOW } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | D |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Answer Options |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Option A |  | Option B |  | Option C |  | Option D |  |  |
|  |  | A | GREEN <br> YELLOW BLUE |  | RED | C | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { GREEN } \\ \hline \text { RED } \\ \hline \text { BLACK } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | D | BLACK |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | GREEN |  |  |  | RED |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | BLUE |  |  |  | BLACK |  |


| 12. | 2_9 <br> SCIENCE $6079$ | LIGHT Which <br> mirror | Which of these rays shown here will strike each mirror either directly or after reflection? |  |  | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Answer Options |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Option A | Option B | Option C | Option D |  |
|  |  | A | B | C | D |  |



| 14. | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 2 \_10 \\ & \text { SCIENCE } \\ & 4163 \end{aligned}$ | LIGHT | A crowd is watching a firework display. They see the firework explode and then hear the noise of the explosion a little later. Why does this happen? |  |  | A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Answer Options |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Option A | Option B | Option C | Option D |  |
|  |  | Light travels faster than sound. | Sound travels upwards and then moves towards the crowds. | The sound is produced after the light. | Sound is blocked by the layers of air it passes through. |  |



